

# True American.

THE CITIZENS' BANK still continues to pay interest on deposits. D. MOODY.

The Steubenville Home Relief Society, will meet at the Court House on the 1st day of March, at 7 o'clock, P. M. The public generally, are invited to attend. The several Committees are expected to make report. JOHN SHANE, Pres't.

M. O. Junkin, Sec'y.

We have received from Messrs. Virtue, Emmons & Co., of the New York, Art Union Association, the amount, up to date, of our advertising bill, in full.

Our Wellsburg post must intrust the editor with the proper name of the author, before we can give place to the communication.

Since our last issue, we have received *Arthur's Home Magazine*, for March. This is a splendid number.

Also, *The Phonetic Journal*. This number is a credit to both editor and printer. It contains a handsome engraving.

It was our intention to have given, in this weeks paper, full proceedings of the Court of Common Pleas, now in session in this city, as also the decision of the Supreme Court of Ohio, on the subject of the liabilities of Rail Road Companies in the payment of damages, for stock injured or killed on the track; but, they are unavoidably crowded out.

We are glad to learn that the Steubenville & Indiana Railroad is now doing quite a brisk business. The freighting is on the daily increase. There are laden trains of cars arriving every day, laden with produce for this, and the Eastern markets. We are informed that the receipts for freight, for the last week, have run up to, from six to seven hundred dollars per day. This is encouraging. May success attend the Company and the road.

If there are any of our subscribers who can furnish us with the 1st No. of the *True American*, it will be a special favor, for which we will gladly give them other papers in exchange.

Unfortunately, we issued but 300 copies in the commencement, and they have all been taken up, and more are daily called for.

## Slavery Abolished in Circassia.

The Sultan of Turkey, years ago, abolished the slave trade in Constantinople, and has recently issued the following firman against the slave trade in Circassia: "Man is the most noble of all the creatures formed by the hands of God, who destined him to be happy, in making him free born. But, contrary to that decision, the Circassians indulged in the strange habit of selling their children and relatives as slaves, and even of stealing children from each other, in order to sell them, like animals, or articles of furniture. These proceedings, incompatible with the dignity of man, and contrary to the will of the sovereign Creator, are altogether reprehensible, and I condemn them, absolutely. Wherefore, I have just given orders that, to prevent that state of things from being continued, counsels and directions should be given to the Circassians, and at the same time proper measures be adopted to prevent the embarkation of slaves on the coast; and in order that this decision be known to all the civil and military authorities in these districts, the present firman has been rendered expressly by my imperial Divan. Therefore, O Visier, being thus informed of what I desire, you will proceed with that zeal and high intelligence which distinguish you, to make known my sovereign will to the Circassians, and all others concerned, by publishing it in the most detailed manner. You will do all that your sagacity and experience will suggest to you, to put an end to that traffic, and to prevent the passage and embarkation of slaves in the waters within your jurisdiction; and, besides, as it is urgent to punish all who contravene these orders, and are guilty of selling their children and relatives, or the children or relatives of others, you will not lose sight of that point; in fine, you will pay every attention to do everything indicated above, and you will show full respect to the noble cipher with which the present document is adorned. Given in the second decade of the month of Moubarrek, 1271 (beginning of October, 1854)."

A second firman, to the same effect, was issued on the same day, to prevent the commerce of slaves in Georgia.

## How to Ruin a Son.

1st. Let him have his own way.  
2nd. Allow him to have free use of money.  
3d. Permit him to roam where he pleases on the Sabbath.  
4th. Give him full access to unprincipled company.  
5th. Call him to no account for his evenings.  
6th. Furnish him with no stated employment.  
Pursue either of these ways, and you will experience a marvellous deliverance, or will have to mourn over a debased and ruined son. Thousands have realized the sad results, and have gone to the grave mourning.

## Capture of a Desperado.

About the 18th day of January, a culprit by the name of Abraham Peifer alias Peiper broke jail at Clarksburg, Va., where he had been confined on a charge of counterfeiting. A proclamation, offered by the Governor of the Commonwealth, tendering \$200 for his arrest, was immediately issued, and every ordinary stratagem resorted to to trace his whereabouts. No tidings however, could be required. Months aye, a year fled away, and still he failed to turn up, nor was the slightest hope of his capture afforded. Nevertheless, though Justice has been slow and travelers slowly yet its scent is unerring and its grasp of the guilty as sure as it is inexorable.

On the 14th inst., Sergeant Sangston of this city received a copy of the proclamation describing the sharper, from the Secretary of State. Ever active, and vigilant he promptly set his wits and "shadows" to work. He recollected an introduction to a man of that name, about a year ago, by an Ohio friend, and the application of the said Mr. Peifer, at the time, for deputyship under him, recommending himself as an extraordinary stout man, and capable of all manner of service. The more he thought of the matter the more he felt convinced that he was the "same old com" who broke jail at Clarksburg and once also, at Braxton C. H. A recent fight too, between Peifer and a countryman, his leaning about without any visible means of support, and minor circumstances, confirmed his suspicions and induced him to smoke him out.

Hence, repairing to his boarding house, (Clark's, which is about 4 miles from this city, on the Ohio side,) day before yesterday, he called but was received rather roughly, and was told he was not in. He remarked to the landlord that he was not very anxious to see him but intending to purchase a small piece of land, a few miles further on, he merely thought he would drop in on an "old acquaintance." Driving off, he "laid the ropes" for that night. Hence when darkness came he surrounded the house with his "shadows" all of whom were armed to the teeth with revolvers when a portion of them made a descent upon the barroom. Peifer apprehending their errand burst through two doors in an effort to escape but, fortunately was collared and brought to the floor. After being manacled he was brought down to Bridgeport, and arraigned before Esq. Howell. A difficulty here presented itself. The prisoner could not be brought over without a requisition. This was removed however, by proclamation, the most prominent citizens of the place not only consenting to his removal but very kindly urging it. He was brought over, the prison door again swung upon him, and in a day or two, will be removed to his old quarters to Clarksburg.

Here again, we are reminded of the world of truth embodied in the old saw viz: "the way of the transgressor shall be cut off."

## Popular Sovereignty—The right of Instruction.

The people of Michigan made an issue with their Senators in Congress on the Nebraska bill. The Senators voted for it, and thus claimed to vindicate the doctrine of popular sovereignty; the right of the people to rule. The people resolved to test the question, and so they nominated a State ticket, also candidates for Congress, and for the State Legislature, who were opposed to the Nebraska bill. The Anti-Nebraska State ticket was elected by five thousand majority. Three of the four members of Congress were of the same faith, also a large majority of both branches of the Legislature. Here was popular sovereignty. Here was the voice of the people in opposition to the voice of Senators. There was no mistake about it.

The Legislature met, and no doubt expecting that Messrs. Cass and Stewart would be glad to give to the country another specimen of their devotion to popular sovereignty. They passed resolutions in accordance with the express will of the people, instructing Messrs. Cass and Stewart, to vote for the repeal of so much of the Kansas and Nebraska bill as permitted slavery to be established in those territories. These instructions were sent to Washington, and were read to the Senate. Mr. Cass made a speech in response, and we ask the attention of our readers to what he said: "I shall neither obey these instructions nor resign my seat. If a political party, whenever or by whatever combinations it attains power, can compel its opponents holding legislative trusts to violate their consciences and consistency or resign their positions, it would radically affect the organization of the Senate, and be incompatible with its office as the representative branch of the sovereignty of the State. The Senate would lose every characteristic of permanency as the power was transferred from one party to another."

Again: "I shall remain in the position I am until the end of my term, unless the Democracy (2) of Michigan shall require me to fight against my convictions of duty. What I fear, above all things, is that the people may be struck with judicial blindness, with which nations are punished for national offences, and thus add to the melancholy list of the people who had not wisdom enough to appreciate the value of free institutions, nor virtue and firmness enough to maintain them."

What a sublime confidence in the wisdom and integrity of the people!

MARTHA'S VINEYARD.—The rum traffic (says the Boston Telegraph,) on Martha's Vineyard has been outlawed for more than eighteen years. Rumselling is not known in that locality. What has been the result? Crime has not only diminished but it seems to have almost entirely left the Vineyard. We are informed that no case of crime has come before the courts for something like sixteen years. The judges go down in one boat and back in the next. While the traffic in liquor continued, the courts were in session for about two weeks each term. Civil cases have been greatly diminished, and there are now very few that come up for trial. Here is a fact of immense importance.

Nor Bad.—An Irishman having accidentally broken a pane of glass, was making the best of his way out of sight; but the proprietor stole a march on him, and having seized him by the collar, exclaimed: "You broke my window, fellow, did you not? To be sure I did," said Pat, "and did you not see me running home for the money to pay for it?"

MARRIED.—On the 8th ult. by Rev. G. W. Hissey, Mr. Alexander Henderson, and Miss Skeels.

By Rev. W. L. Baldwin, on the 22nd ult. Mr. Wm. Chadwell and Miss Margaret M. Yost, all of Jefferson county O.

For the True American.

DIED.—At her residence in the Town of La Grange, Jefferson County Ohio, on the 7th Feb. 1855, Mrs. Eliza Winters, wife of Mr. Abraham Winters in the 61st year of her age. Mrs. Winters had the advantage of early religious instruction, a pious mother planted in the breast of Eliza. In her religious training, the seeds of genuine piety which sprang in youth grew up and matured in her declining years.—Mrs. Winters was the subject of severe affliction for some years before her death, which bro't over her mind many dark days but as she drew near her end, her sky became clear. A few days before her death she requested the writer to administer to her the supper of the Lord, after she had supped, she cried out in the fulness of her soul, "Bless the Lord," now I know that Love God and he loves me. The short time she lived after this was calm and serene, and died in full assurance of a happy immortality in heaven.

T. F. COX.

## STEUBENVILLE MARKET.

TRUE AMERICAN OFFICE, }  
March 1, 1855.

Flour—By wagon load.....	9.25
per cwt.....	4.50
Corn Meal.....	75.00
Grain—Wheat.....	1.70
White Beans.....	1.35
Potatoes—Newhampshire.....	1.25
Reds.....	1.00
Butter—Fresh.....	20.25
Lard.....	10.10
Eggs.....	15.00
Dried Peas.....	1.25
Dried Apples.....	1.25
Seeds—Clover.....	5.75
Timothy.....	3.00
Flaxseed.....	35
Pork.....	3.75

## PAPER HANGINGS.

WE are now receiving one of the largest and best selected stocks of

## WALL PAPERS

## BORDERS

ever before offered. Our Stock is all new this Spring, and comprises the latest and best styles. It consists in part of

## HALL PAPERS,

## PARLOR DRAWING ROOM,

## Chamber Papers,

## GILT, SILVER, VELVET

## AND

## COMMON BORDERS, OF NEW STYLES.

## Transparent Window Shades, Figured

## and Plain, with Putnam Patent

## Figures, Plain, Green, and Blue, and

## FIGURED WINDOW BLINDS,

## and Fineboard Screens, in great variety of

## LOW PRICES,

we expect to please those who may give us a call. MEDWELL & Co.

Booksellers, Stationers, and Paper Dealers.

Market Street Steubenville, Ohio.

March 1, 1855.

## Guardians' sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court within and for Jefferson County O, I will expose at public sale on Saturday the 31st day of March A. D. 1855, at the front door of the Court House in Steubenville the following described lot of land and premises situated in said county described as follows: being a lot of ground adjoining the town of La Grange in a lot of ground, being on the north side of Ross Street, beginning for the the same in a line with the east side of High Street on the north side of Ross Street, thence with the North line of Ross Street S. 70 E. 140 feet thence N. 20 E. 60 feet thence N. 70 W. 140 feet thence S. 20 W. 60 feet to the beginning with the appurtenances, subject to the payment of eight dollars and thirty three cents annually to Mary Hildebrand. There is a comfortable frame house in the above described lot.

Terms—One third in hand, balance in two equal annual installments with interest from day of sale. Possession given immediately approved at

SOLOMON HILDEBRAND.

Guardian for the heirs of James Long, dec'd.

March 1 1855-3t

## Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel J. Miller, late of Jefferson County Ohio deceased. Persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted are requested to make payment without delay.

JAMES WATSON Executor.

March 1 1855-3t

## Attachment Notice.

At my instance an attachment was issued by John White a Justice of the Peace of Smithfield Township, Jefferson County, O., against the property and effects of Wm. E. Carter an absconding debtor. (Debt \$10.00 &c.)

N. U. WALKER.

Feb. 12 1855-3-4.

## PUTNAM'S MONTHLY.

THE present (January) number comprises the 5th volume, and the 34 year of Putnam's Monthly. In commencing the undertaking, the publishers were fully aware that in a time of immense intellectual activity, and in a country of great and various literary rivalry, where, in the absence of an international copyright, the choicest works of the best foreign genius are to be had for the taking, the task was not easy, of founding and sustaining a magazine, at once universal in its sympathies, and national in its tone. The continued and increasing favor with which the monthly has been received, is the best possible proof that the task has been in some degree fulfilled. The new volume of the magazine commences under the best possible auspices. Its position is now assured. Two years have demonstrated the extent of its circle of friends, and that circle is constantly widening. The magazine has not only the sympathy, but the actual literary support of the most eminent authors in the country. The greatest exertion is exercised in the selection of articles for its pages, from the immense number of mss. received—a number now amounting to more than 1800. In so great a press of material to be considered, the publishers accept confidently for patience to all who favor them with their contributions, while they heartily thank them for their good will. While care is taken that nothing in the remotest degree offensive to propriety or good taste defaces these pages, and the ablest talent is secured to make a magazine, which, for variety of interest, and excellence of tone, shall be surpassed by no similar publication in the world, the publishers assure the public that their motto is still onward, and that every year's experience will enable them more fully to deserve the favor which they so gratefully acknowledge.

RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Subscribers will please observe, that under a necessary rule, the magazine can be sent only so far as the subscription is paid for. The new volume commences with the January number. It is intended that the fifth volume shall be the best yet issued. A full portrait will be given in every number of an officer.

TERMS.—\$3 per annum, or 25 cents per number. Two copies for \$5; five copies to one address \$2. Clergymen and Postmasters supplied at \$2. Those remitting \$3, promptly in advance, will receive the magazine free of postage. The publishers have no agents for whose contracts they are responsible. Those giving orders to agents or to their respective booksellers, will look to them for their supply of the work.

ADVERTISING.—A limited number of advertisements relating to literature or the arts, will be inserted, if received by the 5th of each month preceding publication. Terms—per page \$30; half page \$20.

Complete Sets of Putnam's Magazines.—The four volumes of the series, comprising 2,700 large pages of choice literature, by eminent American writers. These volumes are equal in quantity to 20 ordinary duodecimos. Either volume may still be had, nearly bound in cloth, at \$2. For the present, the publishers will supply new subscribers with the four volumes, in cloth, sent paid, including subscriptions for volumes five and six, on receipt of \$5. Cloth covers for binding either volume supplied at 25 cents each.

10 Park Place, New York, Jan. 1, 1855.

## I. O. O. F.

## NIMROD ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F.

O. O. F. meets every second and fourth Fridays, at 7 o'clock, p. m., in Jefferson Rooms, at No. 3, Third Street, over Garrett's Store, D. B. Burdick, G. P. Geo. D. Means, S. W. John Waggoner, Scribe.

Jefferson Lodge No. 6, I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday at 6 1/2 o'clock, p. m., in their hall on Third Street, over Garrett's Store, Geo. B. Burdick, G. P. Geo. D. Means, S. W. John Waggoner, Scribe.

Good Will Lodge No. 143, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday at 6 1/2 o'clock, p. m., in their hall on Fourth Street, over Betty & Steelman's Store, A. O. Worthington, N. G., D. Filson, V. G., T. H. Robertson Secretary.

Feb. 8, 1855.

## Attachment Notice.

ON the 17th day of January, A. D. 1855, at the instance of the undersigned Plaintiff, an order of attachment was issued by Joseph C. McCreary, a Justice of the Peace, within and for the County of Jefferson, Ohio, against the goods, chattels, rights, credits, moneys and effects of James Robertson, the Defendant. Amount claimed to be due \$35.00. All persons interested will please take due notice and answer themselves accordingly.

Feb. 1, 1855. NINIAN BEALL.

## Boots! Boots!! Boots!!!

JAMES ALEXANDER

HAS on hand, and is manufacturing, Gents' French Calf Stitched and Pegged Kip and coarse Boots and Shoes. Also, Ladies' Misses and Childrens' Gaiters, Kid, Morocco and Calf Boots, Busskins and Slippers; and keeps in store a large stock of Fashion work of the latest style, all of which he will sell low for Cash, at his fashionable Boot and Shoe Store Market Street, Steubenville, Ohio.

Feb. 1, 1855-3mo.

## Attachment Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 23d day of January 1855, at the instance of Abraham T. Markle, plaintiff, an order of attachment was issued by James Robertson, a Justice of the Peace, within and for Jefferson County Ohio, against the goods, chattels, stocks, or interests on stocks rights moneys and effects of Samuel Thompson defendant for the sum of \$10 75. Jan. 25, 1855. ABRAHAM T. MARKLE.

## New Meat Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED has opened a New Meat Shop, in Washington Hall Building, nearly opposite the upper end of the Market House, where he will keep constantly in store a general assortment of Meats, Beef, Lamb, Veal, Pork, Sausage, Lard, etc. Prices moderate. Thankful for 20 years patronage, he hopes to prove worthy of its continuance. Fatigued Stock will be paid the highest market price, by calling at my store opposite the upper end of the Market House. Jan. 25, 1855.

WM. HUSCROFF.

## Road Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a petition presented to the Commissioners of Jefferson County, Ohio, at their March session, 1855, for the vacation of so much of the Road leading from the State Road near Jefferson Campbell's house, to Bowling Green, in Knox tp., as lies between the State Road near Jefferson Campbell's house and the road leading from Scott's Mill, on Island Creek, to Knoxville, Feb. 1, 1855-3d.

JAMES O'NEAL.

GEORGE O'NEAL.

(Successors to Alexander Doyle.)

## MISSION MERCHANTS & SHAMBOANT AGENTS.

Warehouse corner of Market and Water streets, Wharf boat at Market Street Landing

January 1, 1855.

## J. C. CABLE, M. D.

OFFICE at his residence, on Fourth, between Market and Washington streets, Steubenville.

Jan. 1, 55.

## SAMUEL STOKELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Steubenville,

Ohio. Office under Kilgore Hall, Market Street.

Jan. 1, 1855.

## UNITED STATES HOUSE,

B. W. EARL, Proprietor, corner Market and High streets, near the River, Steubenville, Ohio.

Jan. 1, 55.

## J. ALLEN,

DEALER IN DRY GOODS, SHOES,

and CARPETS, Third Street, adjoining Court House, Steubenville,

Jan. 1, 55.

## The great year of Godey's Lady's Book.

Fiftieth Volume, 1855. Published twenty-five years by the same Proprietor.—Great attractions for next year. One hundred pages of reading each month. The oldest Magazine in America, and the only one devoted to the wants of the Ladies of America, and supported as such by them for the last twenty-five years.

We commence this volume with the largest list, by many thousands, that we have had since we commenced the work. We have, in addition to our many excellent features, to add—

A treatise on the hair, and crochet work in colors.—We think these new features will be appreciated by our subscribers. All our celebrated corps of contributors will favor us as usual with those writings that have made the "Lady's Book" so celebrated throughout our country as a literary standard.

Steel Engravings.—In this department, we have always stood unrivaled; and the same attention will still be given to it, to enable us to sustain our proud superiority. Our Fashions with Diagrams.—This department, which has given great satisfaction to our lady subscribers, will be continued.

Drawing Lessons for Youth.—We have at least one thousand designs still on hand to publish; therefore, this department will be continued with unabated energy. Any child can learn drawing by these lessons. PARIS, LONDON AND PHILADELPHIA FASHIONS.

The only colored fashions upon which any reliance can be placed, received direct from Paris, and adapted to the taste of American ladies by our own "Fashion Editor," with full directions.

Dressmaking.—Our monthly description of Dressmaking, with plans to cut by. The directions are so plain, that every lady can be her own dressmaker.

Embroidery.—An infinite variety in every number.

Dress Patterns.—Infants' and children's dresses, with descriptions how to make them. All kinds of crochet and netting work. New patterns for cloaks, mantles, talmes, collars, chemisettes, undersleeves, with full directions. Every new pattern of any portion of a lady's dress, appears first in the "Lady's Book."

Godey's invaluable receipts upon every subject, indispensable to every family, worth more than the whole cost of the book.

Music.—Three dollars' worth is given every year.

Model Cottages.—Cottage plans will be continued as usual.

In the various numbers for 1855, will be found the newest designs for window curtains, Lingerie, Anglaise, slippers, bonnets, caps, cloaks, evening dresses, fancy articles, head-dresses, hair-dressing, robes de chambre, carriage-dresses, wreaths, mantillas, walking-dresses, riding habits, and morning-dresses.

Dresses for Infants and Young Misses, Boys' dresses, patterns for needlework of all kinds, and patterns to cut dresses by are given monthly.

Orders for any of the above articles will be attended to by remitting to the publisher.

Splendid Steel, Line, and Mezzotint engravings in every number. They are always to be found in Godey's Lady's Book contains precisely that for which you have to take at least three other magazines to get the same amount of information.

It is impossible to give, in the limit of an advertisement, a list of all the articles that are published in the "Book" during the year; but every kind of fancy work for the ladies first appears in the columns of the "Lady's Book."

TERMS, CASH IN ADVANCE POSTAGE PD.

One copy one year, \$2. Two copies \$5.

Five copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, \$10.—

Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, \$20.—

Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, \$30.—

Remember that the postage is only two cents per number.

Additions of one or more to clubs are received at club prices.

A Specimen or Specimens will be sent direct to any Postmaster making the request.

We can always supply back numbers, as the work is stereotyped.

Subscribers in the British Provinces, who send for Clubs, must remit 86 cents extra on every subscriber, to pay the American postage.

L. A. GODEY, 113, Ches't, Phil.

Now is the Time to Subscribe!

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, a monthly Periodical of Literature, Art, and Fashion; edited by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, and Chas. J. Peterson. Peterson's Ladies' National Magazine, contains nine hundred pages of original double-column reading matter yearly, about thirty Steel Plates, and over a hundred illustrations engraved on wood. Its thrilling original stories—no other Periodical publishes such Thrilling Tales or such Captivating Stories of Real Life. Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, the celebrated author of "Fashion and Fame," is one of the editors; and she is assisted by all the best female authors of America. All the stories published are original, which can not be said of any contemporary. Morality and virtue are always inculcated. The newspaper press and the ladies unite to pronounce it the most reliable of the Magazines. Its superb Mezzotints, and other Steel Engravings, are the best published anywhere; are executed for it by the first artists; and, at the end of the year, are alone worth the subscription. Its Colored Fashion Plates are the only reliable ones published in America; and are as elegant as they are correct, being magnificently engraved Steel Plates. The Paris, London, Philadelphia, and New York Fashions are described, at length, each month. It is the text-book of Fashion in Boston, New York and Philadelphia. Its departments for New Receipts, Crochet-Work, Embroidery, Netting, Horticulture, Acting Characters, Knitting, and Female Equestrianism, are always well filled, profusely illustrated, and rich with the latest novelties. It is the best Ladies' Magazine in the world, try it for one year. TERMS—always in advance.—One copy for one year, Two Dollars; Three copies for one year, Five Dollars; Five copies for one year, Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents; Eight copies for one year, Ten Dollars; Sixteen copies for one year, Twenty Dollars. Premiums for getting up Clubs: To every person getting up a Club, one "Gift Book of Art for 1855," containing 50 Steel Engravings, will be given gratis. For a Club of Sixteen, an extra copy of the Magazine for 1855 will be sent in addition, Address, post-paid.

CHARLES J. PETERSON.

No. 102 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

By the Volumes begin with the numbers for January and July, but subscribers may commence with any month they please. Back numbers furnished if desired.

## Legal Notice.

IN THE PROBATE COURT.

JOSHUA HENDON's Adm'r. } Petition to

ELIZABETH HENDON, et al } sell Lands.

JAMES HENDON and Benjamin Hendon, of the State of Maryland, and Elizabeth Hendon, of the State of Virginia, will take notice that Isaac Harris, Administrator of the estate of Joshua Hendon, late of Jefferson county Ohio, deceased, on the 21st day of February, 1855, filed in the Probate Court for Jefferson County, Ohio, his petition against them and others, which is now pending, the object and prayer of which is to obtain an order from said Court, for the assignment of the dower of Elizabeth Hendon, the widow of said Joshua Hendon, deceased, in and for the sale of the following real estate, situate in said county of Jefferson, of which said deceased died seized, and described as follows, to wit: the south-west quarter of section thirty-four, in township seven and range three; and that on the 22d day of March, 1855, application will be made to said Court for such order by said administrator.